

# LUSH

for 11 players and electronics

Taylor Brook  
2016

## **score in C**

### **instrumentation:**

C flute  
clarinet in Bb  
horn  
trumpet in C

percussion  
- bass drum  
- vibraphone  
- crotale (D6)  
- steel-string acoustic guitar

piano

violin  
viola  
cello  
bass

electronics  
- 4 speakers  
- amplification for live instruments  
- sound-file playback in 4 channels  
- stage monitors as needed

about *Lush*:

*Lush* was written in the Winter of 2016 for Wet Ink Ensemble. This piece was conceived as a hybrid between concert music and orchestral film music. As a composer of concert music, the attempt to draw out new ideas from mainstream film music may seem unusual, however, as I began exploring the possibilities provided by commercial sound libraries, sampler instruments, and synths, I was drawn to the idea of retuning these electronic instruments to create an electroacoustic part that fills out and expands the chamber ensemble into a bigger, richer sound. The majority, if not entirety, of new film scores are produced using samples along with the occasional sprinkling in of a few live performers to heighten a sense of realism. By creating music in this way, the ideal realization of this score may be as a recording, where the precise level between live and sampler instruments can be completely controlled.

A second impetus for using an electronic part made from sampler instruments is to facilitate the performance of precise microtones through pitch matching. This method has allowed me include unusual harmonies and chord changes since the pitches of the live instrumental parts are almost always doubled in the electronics.

## microtonal notation

The following accidental nomenclature is used:

$\downarrow - \sharp$  approximately 1/4 tone flat or sharp (50 cents)

$\downarrow - \uparrow$  approximately 1/6 tone flat or sharp (33 cents)

$\flat - \sharp - \natural - \sharp - \sharp - \sharp$  approximately 1/12 tone flat or sharp (17 cents)

The microtones are most often used either to notate just intonation harmonies or to notate out a gradual glissando. After my experiences working with these accidentals, I find that the quarter-tone and sixth-tone alterations constitute significant changes in pitch, while the 12th-tone alterations provide something closer to a minute shift in intonation and may be better thought of as an inflection. In any case, the more the performer understands the harmonic implication of their part and they are able to use their ear to tune, the more accurate the pitch becomes.

In this piece, the harmony played by the instrumentalists is always doubled in the electronic part. Rehearsing and practicing, both individually and as an ensemble, with the electronics present and audible is essential.

## electronics and synchronization

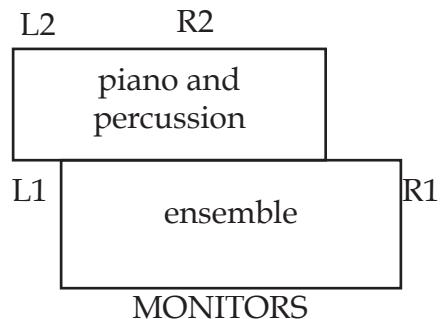
The instruments should be lightly amplified to create a better sense of blend with the electronic part. I would also encourage some compression, EQ, and reverb on the amplified instruments. In the creation of the electronic track, Altiverb 6 with the "Uraniaberg Church 5.5 metre stereo" preset was used.

The electronics are composed of sound-files that are triggered at the timing indicated by the cue staff at the bottom of the score. Qlab, Max/MSP, or any similar program may be used to trigger the soundfiles. It is important that the playback system allows for overlap, meaning that the cues should all play to completion and the triggering of a new sound-file should not cut off the previous sound-file.

Alternatively, the piece could be realized with a click-track, but the freedom of cuing the sections allows for greater freedom and fluidity for the performers.

The cues are diffused through two stereo pairs. The main pair (marked L1 and R1 below) are places on the outside of the ensemble and are where the majority of the cues are played. The second pair (marked L2 and R2) are for the audio cues that must blend with the piano and percussion (marked "PNO" in the file name). This second stereo pair should be placed behind the piano for the best blend. The use of electronics in this piece is designed for maximum blend of the electronics into the live instruments. The illusion that the electronic sound is coming from the instruments is the ideal, especially for the piano.

Lastly, I would suggest the use of monitors for the ensemble, as many of the microtonal pitched performed by the instruments are provided in the sound cues.



## percussion



Vibraphone and crotale are notated with a treble clef in the normal fashion.

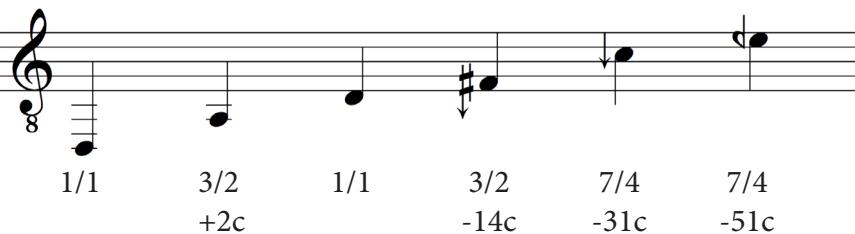
### guitar:

A steel-string guitar is played by the percussionist. The guitar should be laid on its back and secured in place by putting foam underneath. Two basic techniques are used: bowing the strings and plucking the strings. The plucks should be done with a "rest-stroke", where the finger is pushed in a motion through the string in a sideways-downward trajectory so that the finger rests on the adjacent string upon completing the pluck. The plucking may also be done with a pick, if the percussionist prefers.

The bowed guitar technique sounds best when the instrument is bowed about 2-4 inches from the bridge of the guitar. The bowing becomes quite reliable once a feeling for the technique is developed.

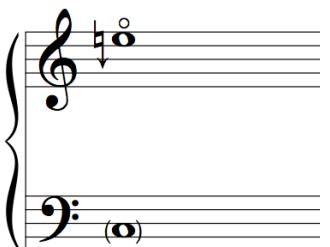
Harmonics on the guitar are signified with diamond-shaped noteheads and a roman numeral indicated at what fret to hit the harmonic node. For example, "XII" is the first overtone played at the 12th fret, "VII" is the second overtone played at the seventh fret, and so on. The fifth, seventh and twelfth frets are usually marked with dots on the side of the neck of the guitar.

The guitar is tuned as shown here:



The numbers below the notes indicate the just harmonic interval in relation to a tonic D as well as the deviation in cents from the equal temperament note.

## piano



**harmonics** - Lightly press on the string of the note in parentheses inside the piano at the correct position to produce the harmonic, which is written with the circle above the note.

**plucking** - pluck inside the piano, with fingertips directly on the strings.

## string scordatura

The stringed instruments are retuned as shown here:

violin:  
5/4  
-14c

cello:  
7/4  
-31c

viola:  
9/5  
+17c

3/2 of  
9/5  
+19c

bass:  
11/8  
+51c

The numbers above the notes indicate the just harmonic interval in relation to a tonic D as well as the deviation in cents from the equal temperament note.

## string notation

### bow placement indications:

**ord.** - ordinario - (Use an ordinary bow position.)

**s.t.** - sul tasto - (Bow close to the end of the fingerboard.)

**a.s.t.** - alto sul tasto - (Bow over the fingerboard.)

**p.s.t.** - poco sul tasto - (Bow slightly towards the fingerboard from ordinario position.)

**s.p.** - sul ponticello - (Bow close to the bridge.)

**m.s.p.** - molto sul ponticello - (Bow very close to the bridge.)

**p.s.p.** - poco sul ponticello - (Bow slightly closer to the bridge than ordinario position.)

### bowing technique indications:

**norm.** - normale - (Use a normal bow technique.)

**flautando** - Fast, low pressure bowing in a alto sul tasto position to obtain a flute-like tone.

**Bow pressure tremolo.** - (Rearticulate the note rhythmically as fast as possible without changing bow direction.)

**c.l.t.** - col legne tratto - (Play with the wood of the bow rubbing the string.)

**1/2 c.l.t.** - half col legno tratto - (Rotate the bow so that it rubs the string with both the wood and hair.)

**f.mute** - finger mute - (Mute the strings with multiple fingers, producing white noise.)

### vibrato indications:

**vib.** - with vibrato

**s. vib.** - with no vibrato

**m.vib.** - with a lot of vibrato

## woodwind notation

**bisb.** - bisbigliando trill

**D-D#** (flute only) - trill D and D# keys at random, creating a fluttering effect

**diamond-shaped noteheads** - aeolian tone (air only)

**alternate fingering** - move between two or more fingerings for the same pitch with the indicated rhythm

**^** - tongued accent

**>** - breath accent

**vib.** - with vibrato

**s.vib.** - senza vibrato

**m.vib.** - molto vibrato

**bend** - bend note using embouchure (as opposed to new fingerings)

## multiphonics

### flute multiphonic:

### clarinet multiphonic:

If for any reason these multiphonics don't work as written or cannot be achieved at the dynamic notated in the score, the performers should find a different harmonic, ideally with a root note of E (concert pitch) and at a low dynamic level with the ability to crescendo and decrescendo with control. The multiphonics should blend into the texture and not dominate the overall sound.

## brass notation

**^** - tongued accent

**>** - breath accent

**encircled noteheads** - sing while playing

**hand bend** - (horn only) Alter the pitch by gradually inserting or removing the hand from the bell of the instrument.



Lush  
for Wet Ink

Taylor Brook

$\text{♩} = 63$

Flute

Clarinet in B<sub>b</sub>

Horn in F

Trumpet in C

Tuba

Percussion 1

Piano

Violin Sounding

Violin

Viola Sounding

Viola

Cello Sounding

Cello

Double Bass Sounding

Double Bass

Electronics

Electronics Cue

LEATHER MUTE  
s.t.  
ord.

vib.  
II vib.

III  
— 3 —  
— 3 —  
vib. → s.vib.

I  
II  
I

s.t.

II  
I

LEATHER MUTE

LEATHER MUTE

III II

III II

15/8 (-12c)  
3/2 of 7/4 (-29c)

11/8 of 3/2 (+53)  
3/2 of 7/4 (-29c)

9/5 (+17c)  
3/2 of 7/4 (-29c)

11/8 of 3/2 (+53)  
7/6 (-33c)

15/8 (-12c)

7/5 (-18c)

3/2 (+2c)

m3

m5

m7

m8

m9

10

bend

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

vibraphone, with bow  
ped.→

p.p.

Pno.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

11/8 of 3/2 (+53)

12/11 (+49c)

9/8 (+4c)

13/8 (-59c)

7/6 (-33c)

15/8 (-12c)

13/8 (-59c)

7/4 (-31c)

11/7 (-17c)

9/5 (+17c)

7/4 (-31c)

3/2 (+2c)

m11

m13

m16

18

F. bend  
Fl. p n mp n bend  
B. Cl. n mp n  
Hn. ppp  
C Tpt. p  
Tuba ppp p  
Perc. 1  
Pno.  
Vln. snd. 3  
Vln. f mp 3 II 3 III  
Vla. s.t. 3  
Vc. s.t. 3  
D.B. 3  
D.B. 3 REMOVE MUTE  
el. cue m18 m21 m26

guitar, plucked VII

13/8 (-59c) 7/4 (-31c) 3/2 of 3/2 of 7/4 (-27c) 7/5 of 7/4 (-15c) 11/8 of 3/2 (+53) 7/5 (-18c) 7/4 (-31c) 12/11 (+49c)  
15/8 (-12c) 3/2 of 7/4 (-29c) 3/2 (+2c) 7/5 of 7/4 (-15c) 11/8 of 3/2 (+53) 7/5 (-18c) 7/4 (-31c) 3/2 of 12/11 (-43)  
3/2 of 7/4 (-29c) 3/2 (+2c) 7/5 of 7/4 (-15c) 11/8 of 3/2 (+53) 7/5 (-18c) 7/4 (-31c) 3/2 of 7/4 (-29c)

## Section II

4  
29  
*poco rit.*  $\text{♩} = 58$  *poco accel.*  $\text{♩} = 72$

Fl.  
B♭ Cl.  
Hn.  
C Tpt.  
Tuba  
Perc. 1  
Pno.  
Vln. snd.  
Vln.  
Vla. snd.  
Vla.  
Vc. Snd.  
Vc.  
D.B. snd.  
D.B.  
el. cue

*repeat as fast as possible*

guitar, plucked VII

vibriphone soft mallets, motor off

bass drum

ped.

plucked XII

solo ends IV

ord.

s.t.

m.s.p.

II glass harmonics

IV

III

Vibriphone and piano

5/4 (-14c)

7/4 (-31c)

11/8 (+51c)

7/4 of 5/4 (-45c)

9/8 (+4c)

3/2 of 9/8 (+6c)

9/8 (+4c)

7/4 of 9/8 (-27c)

11/8 of 3/2 (+53)

9/8 of 15/8 (-8c)

7/4 (-31c)

9/8 (+4c)

9/8 (+4c)

7/4 of 9/8 (-27c)

m30

m32

m33

m34

m30

m32

m33

m34

39

Fl.

B. Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

guitar, strum

vibraphone, with bow

bass drum

guitar, strum

guitar, with bow

Perc. 1

Pno.

ped. → 8va

Vln. snd.

Vln.

REMOVE MUTE

s.t. → ord. → a.s.t. vib. → s.vib.

ord. I → ord. 6 p.s.p. repeat as fast as possible

Vla. snd.

Vla.

REMOVE MUTE

s.t. → ord. → a.s.t.

IV

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

IV → III repeat as fast as possible

REMOVE MUTE

ppp → mp → ppp

D.B. Snd.

D.B.

pluck and bow

gloss harmonics

gloss harmonics

el. cue

12/11 (+49c)

13/8 (-59c)

3/2 of 9/8 (+6c)

clarinet 9/8 (+4c)

12/11 (-51c)

16/15 (+12c)

flute 7/4 (-31c)

15/8 (-12c)

11/6 (+49)

9/5 (+17c)

m42

m44

50

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Pno.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

el. cue

guitar, with bow  
vibraphone, with bow  
guitar, plucked  
plucked  
with bow  
ped. →

IV → gliss harmonics  
mf p mf p  
s.t. → ord.  
II  
III IV  
(detached)  
f ppp  
II I 6  
f ppp  
gliss harmonics IV  
III  
mf pp  
15/8 (-12c)  
5/4 (-14c)  
15/8 (-12c)  
5/4 (-14c)  
5/3 (-16c)  
7/4 of 5/3 (-47c)  
5/3 (-16c)

m51

m57.1

m57.2

58

Fl. *mp* *ppp* *ppp* *p* *bisb.* *high* *n* *mp* *5* *5* *n*

B♭ Cl. *mp* *ppp* *ppp* *p* *bisb.* *f* *pp*

Hn. *o* *mf* *p* *f* *> ppp* *mf* *p* *lip trill* *f* *pp*

C Tpt. *ppp* *mf* *p* *f* *ppp* *mf* *p* *flz.* *mf* *p*

Tuba *mp* *p* *mf* *ppp* *ppp* *ppp* *ppp*

Tuba bass drum

Perc. 1 guitar, strum guitar, plucked

Vibraphone, with bow

bass drum

Pno. *pp* *ppp* *p* *pp* *p* *pp* *mp* *mp* *pp*

ped. →

Vln. snd. *8va* *8va* *8va* *8va* *8va* *8va* *8va*

Vln. *mp* *pp* *ppp* *mp* *ppp* *mf* *ppp* *mp* *ppp* *f* *ppp*

Vla. snd. *as fast as poss.* *as fast as poss.* *as fast as poss.*

Vla. *mp* *pp* *pp* *mp* *ppp* *mf* *ppp* *mf* *f* *ppp*

Vc. Snd. *mp* *pp* *pp* *mp* *ppp* *mp* *ppp* *mp* *ppp*

Vc. *mp* *pp* *pp* *p* *mp* *mp* *ppp* *mp* *f* *ppp*

D.B. snd. *III*

D.B. *pp* *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *f* *mp*

7/5 (-18c) 5/4 (-14c) 6/5 (+16c)

9/5 (+17c) 15/8 (-12c) 9/5 (+17c)

6/5 (+16c) 11/8 (+51c) 15/8 (+12c) 9/5 (+17c)

8/5 (+14c) 15/8 (-12c) 9/5 (+17c) 11/8 (+51c)

5/3 (-14c) 8/5 (+14c) 3/2 (+2c)

el. cue m58 m59 m60 m63.1 m63.2 m64.1 m64.2 m65

8

66 alternate 2 fingerings

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Pno.

ped. →

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

el. cue

guitar, with bow V

vibraphone 6

bisb

bisb

bisb

piano

6/5 (+16c)

11/8 of 3/2 (+53)  
11/8 (-51c)

11/8 (+51c)

15/8 (-12c)

5/3 (-14c)

m68

m70

m71

m72

m73

## Section III

74

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Pno.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

vibraphone and piano

9/5 (+17c)

5/3 (-14c)

m74.1

m74.2

m75

m77

m78

m79

el. cue

10 *poco accel.* → (♩ = 84) ♩ = 72

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

*pp*

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

ped.

Pno.

*mp*

ped.

Vln. snd.

(1/2 c.l.t., a.s.t.) II gliss harmonics

Vln.

*mp* (fast bow speed and high energy)

*f* *mp*

Vla. snd.

(1/2 c.l.t., a.s.t.) II gliss harmonics

Vla.

*mp* (fast bow speed and high energy)

*f* *mp*

Vc. Snd.

(1/2 c.l.t., a.s.t.) II gliss harmonics

Vc.

*mp* (fast bow speed and high energy)

*f* *mp*

D. B. Snd.

1/2 c.l.t., a.s.t. I

D. B.

*mp* (fast bow speed and high energy)

*f* *mp*

el. cue

m82

m83

m84

♩ = 84

m87

♩ = 92 slightly faster

91

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

Pno.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

el. cue

ped.

ped.

IV

f

mp

f

III

mp

IV

f

mp

f

I

mp

IV

f

mp

f

III

mp

m91

m94

97

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Perc. 2

ped.

Pno.

ped.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

f

mp

II II I etc.

III

II

III IV 5

II III

III

IV

mp

f

Vla. snd.

Vla.

f

mp

II

III IV III IV etc.

II

III

II

III II

IV

mp

f

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

f

mp

II

III 5 IV 5

II II 1 etc.

III

IV III

mp

f

D.B. snd.

D. B.

f

mp

II

III

II

III

mp

f

el. cue

harsh, straight tone  
f

harsh, nasal tone  
f

harsh, nasal tone  
f

harsh, nasal tone  
f

(high as possible, lip trill)  
f

f

ff

ff

104

Fl. (nasal) *f* (nasal) *f*

B♭ Cl. (nasal) *f*

Hn. (nasal) *f* (nasal) *p* *p* *f* *p*

C Tpt. (nasal) *f* (nasal) sing encircled notehead (change octave if needed) *p* *f* *p*

Tuba *f* harsh, nasal tone *f* (lip trill up) *f* *f* *f*

Perc. 1 *mp* *ff* LV *crotale*

Perc. 2 ped.

Pno. *ff* *mp* *ff*

Vln. snd. 8 IV 5 V

Vln. III 5 II 5 I 6 *ff*

Vla. snd. IV 5 III 5 II 5 I 6 *ff*

Vla. III 5 II 5 I 6 *ff*

Vc. Snd. IV 5 III 5 II 5 I 6 *ff*

Vc. III 5 II 5 I 6 *ff*

D.B. snd. 1 5 6 6 *ff*

D.B. 1 5 6 6 *ff* norm. a.s.l. n

*el. cue*

Section IV

14      $\text{C} = 52$

Fl. *III*      *norm.*  
 B♭ Cl. *p*      *ppp*  
 Hn.  
 C Tpt.  
 Tuba  
 Perc. 1      *guitar, with bow*  
 V      *V*      *IV*      *III*  
 ped. →  
 Pno.      *ped. →*  
 Vln. snd.  
 Vln.      *p*      *p*  
 Vla. snd.  
 Vla.      *p*      *p*  
 Vc. Snd.  
 Vc.      *m.s.p.* II  
 D.B. Snd.  
 D.B.      *m.s.p.*      *ord.* 8va--  
 11/8 (+51c)  
 6/5 (+16c)  
 9/8 (+4c)  
 12/11 (-51c)  
 9/8 (+4c)  
 12/11 (-51c)  
 3/4 (-14c)  
 11/8 of 3/2 (+53)  
*m111*  
 el. cue

The musical score consists of a grid of staves for various instruments, each with a specific dynamic and performance instruction. The instruments are listed on the left, and the music is divided into measures by vertical lines. The first few measures feature woodwind instruments (Flute, Bassoon, Horn) with sustained notes and dynamic markings like 'ppp' and 'norm. (non nasal)'. Measures 3-5 show the bassoon playing eighth-note patterns. Measures 6-11 feature guitar-like patterns on the piano. Measures 12-15 show string instruments (Violin, Viola, Cello) playing eighth-note patterns with dynamic markings like 'mp'. Measures 16-19 introduce the Double Bass (D.B.) with complex sixteenth-note patterns. Measures 20-23 show the Double Bass continuing its patterns with dynamic markings like 'f' and 'mp'. Measures 24-27 feature rhythmic patterns for various instruments with time signature changes indicated at the start of each measure (e.g., 11/8, 6/5, 9/8, 12/11). The score concludes with a section starting with 'el. cue' followed by a series of eighth-note patterns for different instruments.

$\text{♩} = 58$  (slightly faster)

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Pno.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

el. cue

120

IV

V

IV

mp

f

mp

f

mp

f

mp

mp

mp

mp

mp

mp

mp

mp

mp

poco

III

II

III

IV

III

II

III

IV

III

III →

11/8 (+51c)

p

6/5 (+16c)

p

9/5 (+17c)

p

7/4 (-31c)

mp

13/8 (.59c)

p

8/5 (+14c)

p

15/8 (-12c)

p

14/9 (-35c)

## Section V

127

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Pno.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D. B.

el. cue

Section V

norm. + o. 5 5 5 6 6

III IV V VII

vibraphone, with bow

m.s.p.<sup>7</sup> bow as needed

p < mp pp

ord. 3 3 3 3 3 3

I II I II III IV III ord. 3 3 3 3 3 3

11/8 (+51c) 11/8 (+51c)

5/4 (-14c)

m131 m132 m133 m134

136

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Pno.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

el. cue

non flz, rearticulate as fast as possible

non flz, rearticulate as fast as possible

norm.

IV

II

1

IV

12/11 (-51c)

16/11 (-51c)

n

11/8 (+51c)

n

7/5 (+18c)

4/3 (-2c)

n

S/4 (-14c)

m136

m138

m140

m142

m143

144

F1. >*pp* *p*—*mp*

B♭ Cl. >*pp* *p*—*mp*

Hn. *mp*—*pp*

C Tpt. — *ppp*—*mp*

Tuba *pp*

Perc. 1

Pno.

Vln. snd. —

Vln. — *pp*

Vla. *p*—*p*

Vc. Snd. —

Vc. LEATHER MUTE *p*

D.B. Snd. —

D.B. — *p*

el. cue

*n* *p*

*n* *p*

*n* *p*

*n* *p*

*n* *p*

*n* *p*

*m145*

*m147*

*m149*

*m151*

*m153*

## Section VI

 $\text{♩} = 72$ 

155

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

vibraphone, soft mallet

Perc. 1

Pno.

Vln. snd.

LEATHER MUTE

with fast, light bow (flautando)

Vln.

Vla. snd.

LEATHER MUTE

with fast, light bow (flautando)

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D. B. snd.

LEATHER MUTE

3/2 of 9/8 (+6c) 15/8 (-12c)

9/8 (+4c) 5/4 (-14c) 7/5 (-18c)

n

mp

pp

3/2 (+2c) 5/4 (-14c) 9/8 (+4c)

el. cue

m155

3/2 of 9/8 of 9/8 (+10c) 9/8 of 9/8 (+8c) 7/5 (-18c)

11/8 of 9/8 (+5c) 9/8 of 9/8 (+8c) 7/5 (-18c)

3/2 of 9/8 (+6c)

7/4 of 9/8 (-27c) 3/2 of 9/8 of 9/8 (+10c) 15/8 (-12c)

11/8 of 9/8 (+55c) 9/8 of 9/8 (+8c) 7/5 (-18c)

7/4 of 9/8 (-27c) 11/8 of 9/8 (+55c)

m159

m161

m163

164

Fl.

B. Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Pno.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

1/2 aeolian

norm.

1/2 aeolian

3/2 of 7/5 (-16c)

7/5 (-18c)

9/8 (+4c)

3/2 of 7/4 (-29c)

15/8 (+2c)

5/4 (-14c)

9/8 (+4c)

3/2 of 9/8 (+6c)

15/8 (-12c)

9/8 of 9/8 (+8c)

3/2 of 9/8 (+6c)

9/8 (+4c)

m165

m168

m170

171

Fl.

B. Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Pno.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

el. cue

171

172

173

174

175

176

7/5 (-18c) 3/2 (+2c)

15/8 (-12c) 3/2 of 9/8 (+6c)

3/2 of 7/4 (-29c)

7/4 (-31c)

7/6 (-33c) 5/3 (-14c)

4/3 (-2c)

3/2 (+2c)

m173

m176

178

Fl. *n* *pp* *n*

B♭ Cl. *p* *pp* *mf* *n* *p* *pp* *pp*

Hn. *ppp* *p*

C Tpt. *p* *mf* *pp* *mp*

Tuba *n*

Perc. 1 vibraphone, soft mallet  
ped. → norm.

Pno. *pp* *pp* *ped. →*

Vln. snd. *s.p. → ord.* *s.p. → ord.* *s.p. → ord.* *s.p. → ord.*

Vln. *p* *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *mf* *p* *mp* *p* *mf* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p*

Vla. snd. *s.p. → ord.* *s.p. → ord.* *s.p. → ord.* *s.p. → ord.*

Vla. *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p*

Vc. Snd. *IV*

Vc. *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p*

D.B. Snd. *p* *pp* *mp* *p* *mp* *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p*

*7/4 (-31c)* *3/2 of 9/8 (+6c)* *15/8 (-12c)* *5/4 (-14c)* *9/8 (+4c)* *9/5 (+17c)* *9/2 of 9/8 (+6c)* *3/2 (+2c)* *7/5 (-18c)* *11/8 (+51c)*

*7/6 (-33c)* *9/8 (+4c)* *3/2 (+2c)* *7/4 (-31c)* *9/8 (+4c)* *9/8 (+4c)* *5/4 (-14c)* *11/8 (+51c)*

el. cue *m178* *m180* *m183* *m184* *m185*

## Section VII

(♩=♪)=144

186

Fl. *mp* flz. bend *f* > *mp* *f*

B♭ Cl. *mp* flz. bend *f* > *mp* *ff*

Hn.

C Tpt. *mp* flz. non flz. *f* > *mp* *ff*

Tuba

Perc. 1 ped. →

Pno. ped. →

Vln. snd. s.p. → ord. s.p. → ord.

Vln. *f* > *p* *mf* > *p* *mf* > *p* *mf* > *p* *mp* *pp* *pp*

Vla. snd. s.p. → ord. s.p. → ord. s.p. → ord. I II s.p. → ord.

Vla. *f* > *p* *f* > *p* *mf* > *p* *mf* > *pp* *f* > *pp* *f* > *pp*

Vc. Snd.

Vc. *f* > *p* *f* > *p* *f* > *p* *pp*

D.B. snd. II

D.B. *f* > *p* *f* > *p* *f* > *p* *pp* *mf* > *p* *p* *ff* > *pp*

3/2 of 7/4 (-2c) 5/4 (-14c) 9/8 (+4c) 12/11 (+49c) 16/15 (+12c) 11/8 of 3/2 (+53)

15/8 (-12c) 3/2 of 9/8 (+6c)

3/2 (+2c) 5/3 (-14c) 15/8 (-12c) 7/4 (-31c)

el. cue m186 m187 m188 m189 m190 m191 m192 m193

*air* norm.

*guitar, plucked* *guitar, plucked*

194

Fl. air air norm. norm. air air  
 B♭ Cl. pp < mp 3 pp mp 3 pp mp > pp  
 Hn. mp < mf p ppp mp mf p  
 C Tpt. flz > bend vib. → s.vib. 3  
 Tuba p mf > f mp < f > mp p < mf < f  
 Perc. 1 vibraphone guitar, plucked vibraphone guitar, plucked vibraphone  
 Pno. vibraphone guitar, plucked bass drum vibraphone  
 Vln. snd. III IV  
 Vln. IV V  
 Vla. snd. VI  
 Vla. V VI  
 Vc. Snd. III IV V  
 Vc. V VI  
 D.B. snd. VI  
 D.B. IV  

el. cue m194 m195 m196 m197 m198 m199 m200 m201 m202

air norm. norm. air air  
 B♭ Cl. pp mp 3 pp mp > pp  
 Hn. mp < mf p ppp mp mf p  
 C Tpt. flz > bend vib. → s.vib. 3  
 Tuba p mf > f mp < f > mp p < mf < f  
 Perc. 1 vibraphone guitar, plucked vibraphone  
 Pno. vibraphone guitar, plucked bass drum vibraphone  
 Vln. snd. III IV  
 Vln. IV V  
 Vla. snd. VI  
 Vla. V VI  
 Vc. Snd. III IV V  
 Vc. V VI  
 D.B. snd. VI  
 D.B. IV  

5/4 (-14c) 11/8 (+51c)

## Section VIII

 $\text{♩} = 72$  a tempo

203

*rit.* (♩ = 96)

Fl. f

B. Cl. f

Hn. flz. mp < f > p ff > mp

C Tpt. bisb. mf < f > mp ff > mp

Tuba flz. mp < f > mp ff > mp

Perc. 1 guitar, plucked mp f

Pno. ped. mp f

Vln. snd. ff mp fp ff pp ff

Vln. ff > mp < fp gliss on trill note only ff pp ff

Vla. snd. ff > mp < fp ff pp ff

Vc. Snd. ff mp fp ff pp ff

D. B. snd. IV fp fp f p ff pp ff pp ff

D. B. fp fp f p ff pp ff pp ff

el. cue m203 m204 m206 m207 m208.1 m208.2 m208.3 m208.4 m209

*bisb.*

*cantabile, with drunken vibrato*

*guitar plus bass drum*

*edge → center*

*s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib. → s.vib.*

*m.f. < ff > m.f. ff > p*

*s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib.*

*m.f. < ff > m.f. ff > p*

*s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib. → m.vib. → s.vib.*

*m.f. < ff > m.f. ff > pp m.f. →*

*p*

*metallic synth*

*subito p*

211

Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

*guitar, plucked*  
*mp*

Pno.

*pluck inside piano*  
*p*  
ped. →

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

el. cue

m211

m213

m215

m217

m219

15/8 (-12c)

5/4 (-14c)

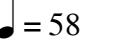
9/5 (+17c)

6/5 (+16c)

7/4 (-31c)

7/6 (-33c)

s.vib. norm.  
3

poco rit.  = 58

221



Fl.

B♭ Cl.

Hn.

C Tpt.

Tuba

Perc. 1

Pno.  
(plucked)  
ped.

Vln. snd.

Vln.

Vla. snd.

Vla.

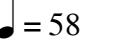
Vc. Snd.

Vc.

D.B. snd.

D.B.

el. cue

poco rit.  = 58

11/8 of 3/2 (+53)

11/8 (+51c)

p

11/9 (+47c)

p

12/11 (+49c)

p

m221

m223

m225

m227

m229

m231